

Entrada y salida: almacenar y leer un fichero en Bash

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A terminal window titled 'lamac — bash — 80x24' with standard macOS window controls (red, yellow, green buttons). The terminal shows a series of Bash commands and their outputs. The commands are: 1. '# Escribir en fichero' (comment), 2. 'echo "Hola" > fichero' (writes 'Hola' to 'fichero'), 3. '# Leer el contenido de un fichero línea a línea' (comment), 4. '#!/bin/bash' (shebang), 5. 'while read line' (start of loop), 6. '> do' (start of loop body), 7. '> echo -e "\$line\n"' (prints the line with a newline), 8. '> done < fichero' (end of loop, reads from 'fichero'), 9. '"Hola"' (the output of the echo command). The prompt 'bash-3.2\$' is visible at the end of the output line.

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bash-3.2$ # Escribir en fichero
bash-3.2$ echo "Hola" > fichero
bash-3.2$ # Leer el contenido de un fichero línea a línea
bash-3.2$ #!/bin/bash
bash-3.2$ while read line
> do
> echo -e "$line\n"
> done < fichero
"Hola"

bash-3.2$
```